Limits in

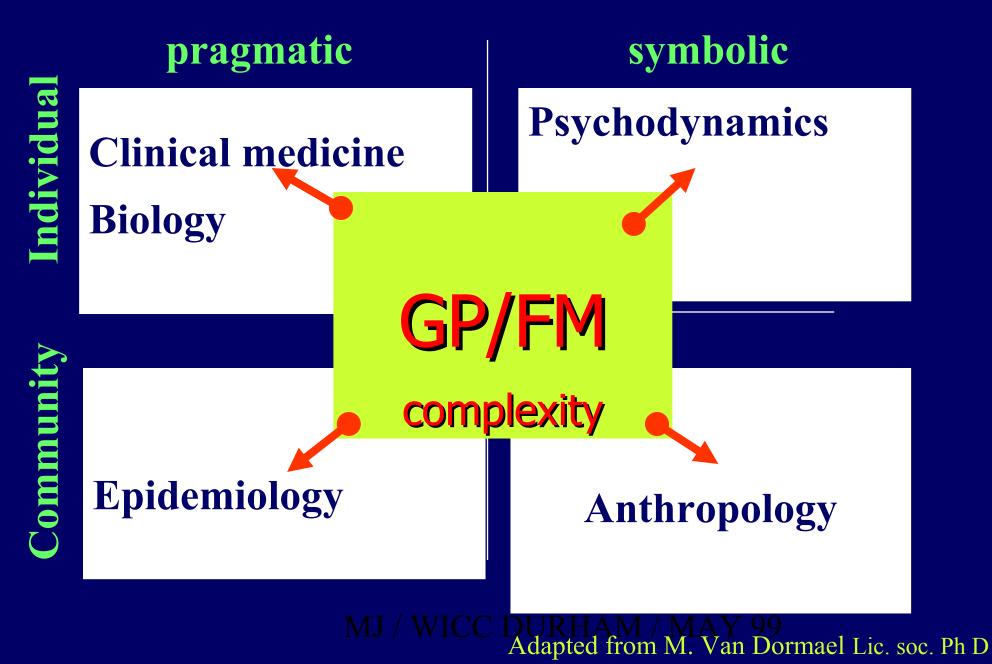
General Practice/Family medicine

• Four main domains

• Four operational fields

Marc Jamoulle & Michel Roland, MFSP, ULB

GP/FM Main domains



Be cool

Please forget you are a medical doctor

The following is more understandable if you are a patient

A proposal to include a new concept in the Dictionary of general practice

Somewhere between quality and ethics

MJ / WICC DURH Mar¢ Manoulle & Michel Roland, Durham 99

marc.jamoulle@ulb.ac.be

Laboratory tests and procedures are usually ordered for the following reasons:

1. Screening

2. In suspicion of disease and to help diagnose disease (case-finding)

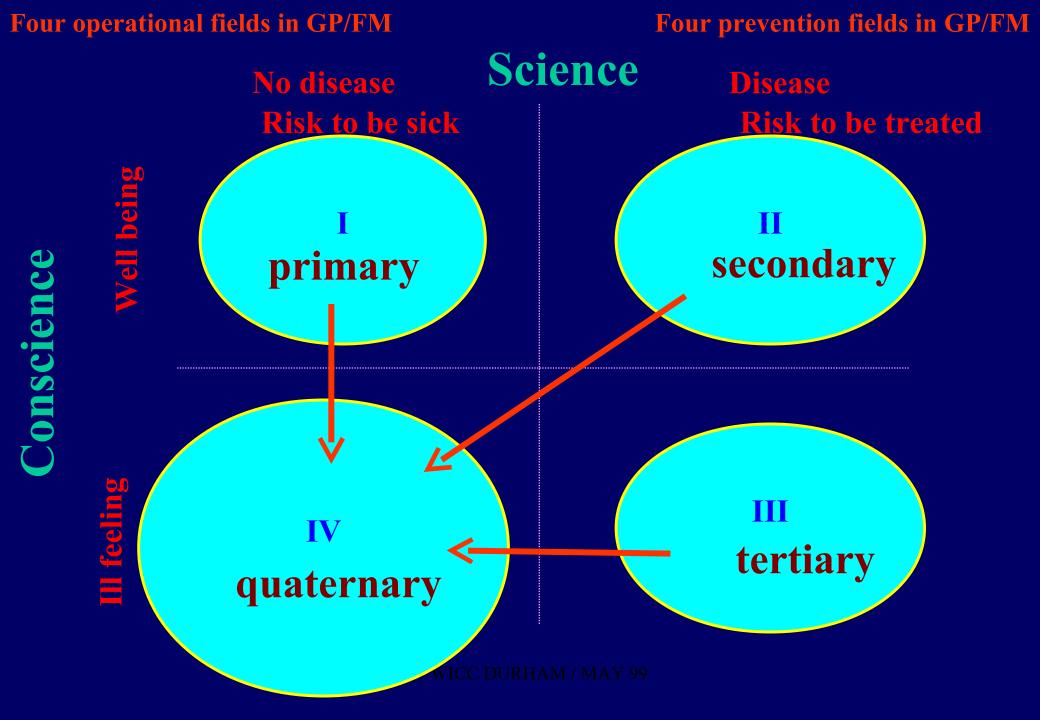
3. To follow-up abnormal lab results (repeating tests to monitor disease)

4. For patient reassurance

Bernstein RM et al. Probabilistic Method of Prompting for test Ordering in Family Medicine. Promptor-FM 3.0, Ottawa 1998 MJ / WICC DURHAM / MAY 99 Let us consider the consultation between doctor and patient as an encounter between science and conscience

Unfortunately, the doctor is attracted by diseases while the patient experiences suffering and death

Just for a moment, let us accept a clear cut between no disease and disease and between well being and ill feeling



Four operational fields in GP/FM

Primary prevention

Action taken to avoid or remove the cause of a health problem in an individual or a population before it arises (ie immunization).

Secondary prevention

Action taken to prevent development of a health problem from an early stage in an individual or a population, by shortening its course and duration (ie screening for hypertension).

Quaternary prevention

Action taken to identify patient at risk

of overmedicalisation,

to protect him from new medical

invasion and to suggest him

interventions ethically acceptable.

Tertiary prevention Action taken to reduce the effect and prevalence of a chronic health problem in an individual or a population by minimizing the functional impairment consequent to acute or chronic health problem (ie prevent complications of diabetes) Laboratory tests and procedures are usually ordered for the following reasons:

1. Screening

2. In suspicion of disease and to help diagnose disease (case-finding)

 3. To follow-up abnormal lab results (repeating tests to monitor disease) and prevent complications
 V 4. For patient reassurance 1 and doctor

Adapted from Bernstein RM et al.

We would propose the introduction of the concept QUATERNAY PREVENTION into the dictionary with this definition

Action taken to identify patient at risk of overmedicalisation, to protect him from new medical invasion and to suggest him interventions ethically acceptable.

> ⇒ This implies the definition of overmedicalisation MJ/WICC DURHAM/MAY 99

Do we have to prove it ?

The English are always degrading thruths into facts.

When a truth becomes a fact it loses all its intellectual value

Oscar Wilde

To see you in Malta !!

